



Cyber Insurance

What you need to know....

April 2021





Departments

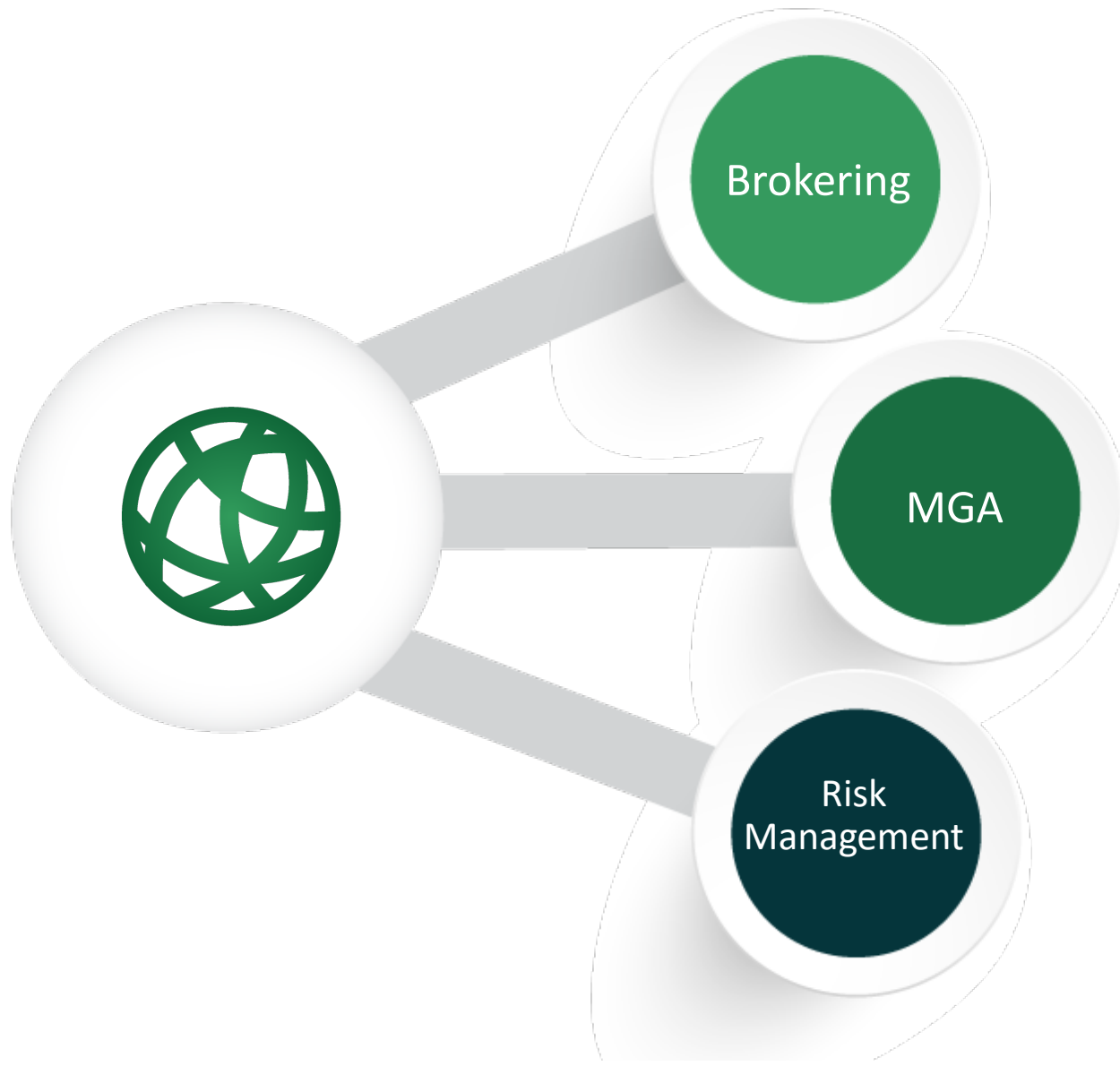
- Business Insurance
- Personal Insurance
- Employee Benefits

Our Purpose

- We care for people
- We serve people
- We solve, or prevent problems for people
- We make life easy for people



Trent Hess, CIC, CRM, ACRA
Business Insurance Professional



Who is INSUREtrust?

Cyber Industry Pioneers – 1997

Advisen Cyber Broker of the Year – 2017,
2019 & 2020 (wholesale)

Advisen Cyber Person of the
Year (USA) – 2018

Making Cyber Simple. Really.

Agenda

What Does Cyber Insurance Cover?

Cyber Claim Loss Trends

Best Practices Pre-Incident

Prepare & Mitigate

Best Practices Post-Incident

Adopt & Protect

Emerging Cyber Threats

Overview/ Q&A



What Does Cyber Insurance Cover?

1. Incident Response / 1st Party Costs
2. Cyber Crime
3. Cyber Extortion (Ransomware)
4. Business Interruption & Extra Expense
5. Network & Internet Security Liability
6. Privacy Liability
7. Regulatory Coverage
8. Content/Advertising Liability



Cyber Claim Loss Trends

- In Ryuk ransomware attacks, the average ransomware payment was over \$1M.
- Phishing remains one the most common access points for hackers.
- Average payment has more than doubled in the first 6 months of 2020, peaked at \$239K in Q3. Q4 saw a decrease to \$154,108.
- The most attacked sector of companies as of Q4 2020 are those with 11-100 employees (about 30% of the attacks) and the median size is 234 employees which was up 39% from Q3.
 - 75% of attacks are on companies of \$50M in revenues and under.
- Data Exfiltration happens more often than not in attacks.
 - 70% of Ransomware attacks in Q4 Involved the threat to leak exfiltrated data
 - Fewer companies are giving in and paying the extortion demand.
 - In Q3, 74.8% of companies that were threatened with a data leak opted to pay. In Q4, that percentage declined to 59.6%.

Cyber Claim Loss Trends

- The 4th quarter of 2020 marked a turning point with the [data exfiltration tactic](#).
 - Coveware continues to witness signs that stolen data is not deleted or purged after payment.
 - Groups taking measures to fabricate data exfiltration in cases where it did not occur
- A concerning trend is the increase in the incidence of irreversible data destruction as opposed to just targeted destruction of backups or encryption of critical systems.
- In Q4 2020, multiple reports that entire clusters of servers and data shares had been permanently wiped out, with no recourse for retrieving the data even with the purchase of the decryption key.
- The uptick in haphazard data destruction has led some victims to suffer significant data loss and extended business interruption as they struggle to rebuild systems from scratch.

Source: www.coveware.com

Best Practices Pre-Incident

- Implement minimum security standards
 - Two factor authentication
 - Segregation of backups from the network
 - Limit sensitive data privilege and requiring authentication
 - Have an incident response plan and test it
 - Secure network access points
- Vendor risk management
- Familiarizing yourself with your legal counsel that comes with your Cyber policy
- Keeping employee awareness and training standards high
- Knowing where your most sensitive data is and limiting aggregation



Best Practices Post-Incident

Adopt Learnings & Protect Enterprise

- Use forensic findings as a blue-print for immediate return on investment
- Update your Incident Response Plan
- Do a table-top of your past incident, update plans again
- Consider better cloud-based solutions (if applicable)
- Hire a project manager to implement post-incident findings

Other Evaluations

- Did you have the right level of insurance?
- Claims Experience | Vendor Experience | Retainers



Emerging Cyber Insurance Trends

- Increased Underwriting
- Use of scanning technology
- Supplemental Ransomware Applications
- Limiting capacity
- Increased retentions
- Sub-limits and co-insurance



First Party Cyber Coverages

Incident Response	Cyber Extortion	Business Interruption/ System Failure	Cyber Crime
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Privacy Counsel/ Breach Coach	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ransomware	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Loss of Income while non- operational	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Social Engineering/ Phishing
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Forensics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ddos Attacks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Extra Expenses	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Invoice Manipulation
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Notification	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data Exfiltration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Contingent BI/SF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Utility Fraud/ Cryptojacking
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Credit/Identity Monitoring		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IT only or All Critical	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Telecom Fraud
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Public Relations		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bricking-property damage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Funds Transfer Fraud

Third Party Cyber Coverages

Network Security	Privacy	Regulatory	Media
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Failure of Network Security 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unauthorized access or loss of private information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Privacy/Identity Laws 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Infringement of intellectual property
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transmission of Virus or Malicious Code 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PII, PHI, CCI 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advertising & Personal Injury
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ddos attacks 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> State 	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Federal 	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> International 	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Defense, fines & penalties 	

Questions?



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